

23 August 2016

To : The Mayor and Members of Melton Borough Council

Dear Sir or Madam

You are summoned to an **EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF THE COUNCIL** to be held at Parkside, Station Approach, Burton Street, Melton Mowbray, LE13 1GH on **Thursday 1 September 2016 at 6.30 p.m.**

Yours faithfully

Lynn Aisbett
Chief Executive

AGENDA

Item No.	Item
1.	APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE
2.	DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST Members to declare any interest as appropriate in respect of the item to be considered at this meeting
3.	<p>MELTON LOCAL PLAN :</p> <p>3A- CONSIDERATION OF CONSULTATION RESPONSES ON MELTON LOCAL PLAN (EMERGING OPTIONS) The Head of Regulatory Services to submit a report which reports the result of consultation and recommendations for the formulation of the Melton Local Plan (submission version) in relation to the 'settlement hierarchy' (policies SS2, SS3, and SS6).</p> <p>3B – LOCAL PLAN EVIDENCE: The Head of Regulatory Services to submit a report which seeks approval of evidence recently received relating to the Melton Borough Housing Needs Study.</p> <p>3C – REVIEW OF MELTON LOCAL PLAN POLICY EN10 – RENEWABLE ENERGY (WIND) The Head of Regulatory Services to submit a report which reports the result of further consideration given to consultation responses in respect of Policy EN10, in relation to wind energy.</p>
To Follow	
To Follow	

Advice on Members' Interests

COUNCIL MEETINGS - COMMITTEE MINUTES: DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

Interests need not be declared at Full Council in relation to Committee Minutes which do not become the subject of debate at Full Council (ie. Minutes referred to solely on a page by page basis when working through the Minutes of each Committee.)

An interest must be declared at Full Council as soon as it becomes apparent that a relevant Committee Minute is to be debated – this applies even if an interest has been declared at Committee and is recorded in the Minutes of that Committee.

PERSONAL AND NON-PECUNIARY INTERESTS

If the issue being discussed affects you, your family or a close associate more than other people in the area, you have a personal and non pecuniary interest. You also have a personal interest if the issue relates to an interest you must register under paragraph 9 of the Members' Code of Conduct.

You must state that you have a personal and non-pecuniary interest and the nature of your interest. You may stay, take part and vote in the meeting.

PERSONAL AND PECUNIARY INTERESTS

If a member of the public, who knows all the relevant facts, would view your personal interest in the issue being discussed to be so great that it is likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest and it affects your or the other person or bodies' financial position or relates to any approval, consent, licence, permission or registration then **you must state that you have a pecuniary interest, the nature of the interest and you must leave the room***. You must not seek improperly to influence a decision on that matter unless you have previously obtained a dispensation from the Authority's Governance Committee.

DISCLOSABLE PECUNIARY INTERESTS AND OTHER INTERESTS

If you are present at any meeting of the Council and you have a disclosable pecuniary interest in any matter to be considered or being considered at the meeting, if the interest is not already registered, you must disclose the interest to the meeting. You must not participate in the discussion or the vote and you must leave the room.

You may not attend a meeting or stay in the room as either an Observer Councillor or *Ward Councillor or as a member of the public if you have a pecuniary or disclosable pecuniary interest*.

BIAS

If you have been involved in an issue in such a manner or to such an extent that the public are likely to perceive you to be biased in your judgement of the public interest (bias) then you should not take part in the decision-making process; you should leave the room. **You should state that your position in this matter prohibits you from taking part.** You may request permission of the Chair to address the meeting prior to leaving the room. The Chair will need to assess whether you have a useful contribution to make or whether complying with this request would prejudice the proceedings. A personal, pecuniary or disclosable pecuniary interest will take precedence over bias.

In each case above, you should make your declaration at the beginning of the meeting or as soon as you are aware of the issue being discussed.*

*There are some exceptions – please refer to paragraphs 13(2) and 13(3) of the Code of Conduct.